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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A hard disk drive comprising:
- a rotatable disk having a magnetic recording media wherein the rotatable disk defines a plurality of concentric servo tracks;
 - a pivotable actuator that is movable with respect to the rotatable disk;
- a transducer disposed on the actuator so as to be positioned with respect to selected ones of the plurality of concentric servo tracks;
- a controller that controls the movement and position of the transducer with respect to the selected servo tracks;
- a shock detection system that analyzes a signal indicative of a movement of at least a portion of the hard disk drive and determines whether the hard disk drive has experienced a shock event; and
- a shock event logger that records information about the shock event as determined by the shock detection system.
- 2. The hard disk drive of Claim 1, wherein the shock event logger records the shock event information to a memory.
- 3. The hard disk drive of Claim 2, wherein the memory is a non-volatile memory.
- 4. The hard disk drive of Claim 3, wherein the non-volatile memory is a semiconductor memory.
- 5. The hard disk drive of Claim 3, wherein the non-volatile memory is a portion of the rotatable disk.
- 6. The hard disk drive of Claim 1, wherein the shock detection system comprises a shock sensor signal processor that analyzes a signal from a shock sensor.
- 7. The hard disk drive of Claim 6, wherein the shock sensor is an accelerometer that measures linear acceleration.
- 8. The hard disk drive of Claim 6, wherein the shock sensor is an accelerometer that measures rotational acceleration.
- 9. The hard disk drive of Claim 6, wherein the shock sensor comprises accelerometers that measure both linear and rotational accelerations.

- 10. The hard disk drive of Claim 1, wherein the shock detection system comprises a back-emf signal processor that analyzes a back-emf signal generated when the actuator moves.
- 11. The hard disk drive of Claim 1, wherein the shock detection system comprises a position error signal processor that analyzes the position error signal indicative of a position deviation of the transducer from a reference position.
- 12. The hard disk drive of Claim 11, wherein the position error signal processor determines that a shock event has occurred when the position error signal exceeds a predetermined threshold value.
- 13. The hard disk drive of Claim 12, wherein the predetermined threshold value is a position error signal representing approximately 32% of a track width.
- 14. The hard disk drive of Claim 12, wherein the shock event logger records the position error signal to the non-volatile memory.
- 15. The hard disk drive of Claim 14, wherein the shock event logger records position error signals corresponding to a plurality of shock events in a sequential manner.
- 16. The hard disk drive of Claim 14, wherein the shock event logger records the number of shock events in an incremental register.
- 17. The hard disk drive of Claim 14, wherein the shock event logger records a histogram of the position error signal, wherein the histogram represents a plurality of shock events.
- 18. The hard disk drive of Claim 1, wherein the shock detection system comprises a position error signal processor that monitors an elapsed time taken for the position deviated transducer to return to and maintain a position within a reference window for a predetermined time, wherein the position error signal processor determines that a shock event occurred when the elapsed time exceeds a predetermined duration.
- 19. The hard disk drive of Claim 18, wherein the predetermined duration is the time taken for a predetermined number of wedge-to-wedge time intervals encountered by the transducer, wherein the wedge-to-wedge time interval represents a unit of time that depends on the rotational speed of the disk and the number of servo wedges per servo track.

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- 20. The hard disk drive of Claim 19, wherein the predetermined duration is 100 wedge-to-wedge time intervals.
- 21. The hard disk drive of Claim 19, wherein the predetermined duration is 300 wedge-to-wedge time intervals.
- 22. The hard disk drive of Claim 19, wherein the predetermined duration is 500 wedge-to-wedge time intervals.
- 23. The hard disk drive of Claim 18, wherein the shock event logger records the elapsed time to the non-volatile memory.
- 24. The hard disk drive of Claim 23, wherein the shock event logger records elapsed times corresponding to a plurality of shock events in a sequential manner.
- 25. The hard disk drive of Claim 23, wherein the shock event logger records the number of shock events in an incremental register.
- 26. The hard disk drive of Claim 23, wherein the shock event logger records a histogram of the elapsed time, wherein the histogram represents a plurality of shock events.
- 27. A method of logging shock events in a hard disk drive comprising a rotatable disk having a magnetic recording media, the method comprising:

monitoring a signal from a component of the hard disk drive that responds to at least one of displacement, velocity, or acceleration of at least a portion of the hard disk drive;

evaluating the signal to determine whether the at least one of displacement, velocity, or acceleration is a result of a shock event; and

recording information about the shock event.

- 28. The method of Claim 27, wherein recording comprises logging of information about the shock event to a non-volatile memory.
- 29. The method of Claim 28, wherein logging to the non-volatile memory comprises logging to a semiconductor memory.
- 30. The method of Claim 28, wherein logging to the non-volatile memory comprises logging to a portion the rotatable disk.
- 31. The method of Claim 28, wherein logging of the shock event information is done in a sequential manner.

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- 32. The method of Claim 28, wherein logging of the shock event information comprises incrementing a register to keep track of the number of shock events detected.
- 33. The method of Claim 28, wherein logging of the shock event information comprises recording a histogram of the shock event information, wherein the histogram represents a plurality of shock events.